The Sacred Heart DAWN RAINBOW Continuum: MUSIC: Children begin to ...

	Communication and Language	Physical Development	Expressive Arts and Design
Nursery	Sing a large repertoire of songs.	Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.	Listen with increased attention to sounds. Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know. Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.
Reception	Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.	Combine different movements with ease and fluency.	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.

	LISTENING	COMPOSING	PERFORMING
Y1	Respond to different moods of music, in different ways Identify the musical beat in a song. Explore changes in tempo. Explore pitch within listening games.	Create and choose sounds in response to different stimuli Explore and create sounds in their school environment.	Use their own voices in many different ways Use their voices expressively. Copy and perform simple rhythm patterns The children explore beat through movement, body percussion and instruments. Combine steady beat with word rhythms. Explore pitch through singing & tuned percussion.
Y2	Identify simple repeated rhythmic patterns Listen to simple dimensions of music Verbally recall what they have heard with simple vocabulary – loud, quiet, high, low Begin to say what they like and dislike Relate music to story or visual images or make other associations/connections.	Create short melodic patterns and rhythmic phrases Recognise and explore how sounds can be made and changed Choose sounds to represent different things in different ways Make sequences of sounds and combine sounds for different purposes Show some imagination in the use of sound Create simple accompaniments Sequence long and short sounds.	Follow simple verbal instructions Beat out short rhythms and repeat short rhythmic patterns and phrases from memory Perform simple accompaniments Keep to a steady pulse (sing/ perform in time). Begin to understand tempo and rhythm. Use their voice in different ways Sing simple songs from memory Imitate changes in pitch maintaining the overall shape of a melody. Can sing loudly or quietly.

	LISTENING	COMPOSING	PERFORMING
Y3	Listen with greater attention to detail Recognise well defined changes in sounds Identify mood in music Identify beat and pulse in music Recognise pattern in music Describe music using appropriate vocabulary (see progression map) Begin to compare different kinds of music Recognise differences between music of different times and cultures Discern and distinguish layers of sound and understand their combined effect	Recognise and explore how sounds can be organized Create a range of musical patterns Carefully choose and order sounds to achieve an effect Order sounds within simple structures (beginning, middle, end) Use sound to create abstract images Compose simple melodies and songs using their current understanding of staff notation. Combine several layers of sound with awareness of combined effect	Follow instructions when performing Gain a sense of occasion when performing, showing an awareness of others Perform with increasing expression, and control and sing with good intonation, articulation and dynamics (loud, medium and quiet) Sing with a sense of the shape of the melody Make range of vocal sounds: tone, timbre, volume Understand and use the concept of pulse Sustain a rhythmic accompaniment Play clear notes on an instrument (ukulele) and use them to make a range of sounds Read and play A, E, C and G on a simple musical stave. Read chord tablature: C, G, F and Am. Know and use standard musical notation (including crotchets, quavers, minim, semi-breve, breve and crotchet rests).
Y4	Describe what they hear using a wider range of musical vocabulary (see progression map) Recognise how musical dimensions are used by composers to create different moods and effects. Understand the use of rests and pauses in a piece of music. Understand the cultural and social meaning of lyrics Appreciate harmonies, drone and ostinato Understand the relationship between lyrics and melody Identify cyclic patterns	Use chord sequences to compose with musical technology understanding the relationship between scales and chords. Use a range of dynamics, timbre and pitch in composition. Use emphasis and accent to create effects. Use change in pitch to express ideas Comment on the intended effect. Develop ideas within distinct musical structures.	Show confidence in leading a group. Read rhythms in simple time when singing or playing (including triplets, crotchets, quavers, minim, semi-breve, breve and crotchet rests) in a range of time signatures. Show increasing control with instruments. Play tuned instrument (hand bells), within known chords: C: C, E & G; G: G, B & D; F: F, A, C; Am: A, C, E Sing in tune and with expression Can hold their own part when performing by ear or by notation. Use ostinato to accompany. Show control through breathing, articulation and dynamic Accent the first note in each bar. Maintain a simple part in a round.

Identify Major and Minor music.	

	LISTENING	COMPOSING	PERFORMING		
	Describe, compare and evaluate	Use imagination and confidence when	Use the Ocarina to read and play notation including the		
	different kinds of music using an	composing	following notes: D, E, F#, G, G#, A, Bb, B, C, C#, D.		
	appropriate and broad musical	Understand culture in composition	Be able to play a scale of D on the Ocarina.		
	vocabulary	Create rhythmic patterns with an	Know and use standard notation of pitch and beat including		
	Recognise how different musical	awareness of timbre and duration	dotted rhythms, triplets, crotchets, quavers, minim, semi-		
	dimensions are combined and used	Use own signs and symbols to record	breve, breve and crotchet rests.		
Y5	expressively in many different types of	composition	Develop subtle control of dynamics (loud, medium loud,		
	music	Use changes in timbre, pitch and	medium quiet, quiet, very quiet).		
	Recognise deviations in the music's	dynamic	Understand that D7 is the D chord with an added 7 th note of		
	structure, what is unusual or	Understand the use of silence in	the scale.		
	unexpected	composition	Lead, take a solo or accompany		
		Develop ideas, which deviate from	Have an awareness how different parts fit together for effect		
		distinct musical structures.	Refine their own work and evaluate that of others		
	Evaluate differences in live and	Convey their intentions through	Focus on Rhythm:		
	recorded performances	composition for different occasions	Build from proficiency to expertise when working		
	Consider how one piece of music may	Use digital technology (Garage Band) to	independently and in thickly textured group performance.		
	be interpreted in different ways by	make use of a wide range of musical	Able to sing/ perform in 2/3 parts.		
	different performers, sometimes	devices such as melody, rhythm,	Perform parts from memory and from notation with full		
Y6	according to venue and occasion	harmony, chords and known structures	control, confidence and competence		
	Identify changes in character by	as well as deviations from such	Polish their own performances through practice and rehearsal		
	reference of musical dimensions.	recognized structures.			
		Use digital technology (audacity) to edit			
		sounds including pitch, tempo, dynamics,			
		clipping, combining and layering sounds.			

	Duration	Pulse/tempo	Pitch	Dynamic	Texture	Structure	Timbre
FS	See detailed notes in Music Development Matters Doc.						
Y1	Can you tell the difference between long & short sounds? Can you repeat short rhythmic patterns?	- Can you move in time with a steady pulse? - Can you tell the difference between a fast & slow tempo? - Can you sing/clap a pulse at different tempo?	- Can you tell the difference between high & low sounds? - Can you tell the difference between sounds which are moving upwards & downwards? - Can you repeat a short melodic pattern?	- Can you tell the difference between loud & quiet sounds? - Can you make loud & quiet sounds?	- Can you tell the difference between one sound and several (simultaneous) sounds? - Can you identify two types of sound happening at the same time?	Do you know that the chorus keeps being repeated? Can you play musical question & answer games?	- Can you tell the difference between familiar instruments (which have distinct timbres)? - Can you describe the sounds of an instrument/voice?
<mark>Y2</mark>	- Can you play simple rhythmic patterns on an instrument?	- Can you sing/play rhythmic patterns in contrasting tempo, keeping to the pulse? - Can you sing/clap a pulse increasing or decreasing in tempo?	- Do you recognise sounds that move by steps and by leaps?	- Can you make a sound get louder & quieter, bit by bit?	Can you perform simple accompaniments to songs using untuned instruments?	Can you use simple structures in a piece of music? Do you know that phrases are where we breathe in a song?	- Can you describe, select & use a particular timbre? - Can you give a reason for choosing an instrument?
<mark>/3</mark>	Can you add a rhythmic pattern to a whole-class activity?	Do you understand how the use of tempo can provide contrast within a piece of music?	Do you understand how melodies move up & down by leaps & steps? Can you explore & use sets of pitches, e.g. 4 or 5 note scales?	Can you control a range of dynamic levels? Can you tell whether a change is gradual or sudden? -	- Can you work with a partner to create a piece of music using more than one instrument? - Can you add rhythmic accompaniment to a song?	Can you use simple structures? Can you identify when a musical phrase starts & ends?	Can you select & use a particular timbre to create a range of effects?
<mark>/4</mark>	 Do you understand the relation between pulse & note length? Do you understand metre in 2 and 3 beats; then 4 and 5 beats? 	- Can you select the tempo for familiar songs? - Can you make music which changes tempo?	Can you use pitches from simple scales? Can you use selected pitches simultaneously to produce simple harmony?	Can you show how you can use dynamics to provide contrast?	Can you devise & play a repeated sequence of pitches on a tuned instrument to accompany a song?	Can you identify repetition in structures? Can you recognise & use basic structural forms? e.g. rounds, rondo form.	- Can you identify how a change in timbre can change the effect of a piece of music?
/ 5	Do you understand the relation between pulse & syncopated patterns?	Can you explain how tempo changes the character of music? Can you choose the most appropriate tempo for a piece of music?	Can you use your own scales? Can you use pitches simultaneously to produce harmony by building up simple chords?	Can you identify where a gradual change in dynamics has helped to shape a phrase of music?	- Can you create a piece of music in a group; showing awareness of how the separate parts contribute to the overall effect? - Can you identify contrasting parts within a piece of music?	Can you identify when a phrase is repeated in a familiar song? Can you identify contrasts & variations in structures?	Can you select & use particular timbre/s to create effects within a piece of music?
/ 6	- Can you combine groups of beats?	Can you show how a small change of tempo can make a piece of music more effective?	- Can you use & understand some conventional scales, such as major, minor, pentatonic? - Do you use the full range of chromatic pitches to build up chords, melodic lines & bass lines?	Can you use change in dynamics to make a piece of music more effective?	Can you create a piece of music, which contains two (or more) distinct melodic or rhythmic parts, and consider how the parts will fit together?	Can you create introductions, interludes & endings for songs & compositions? Can you use different devices to structure music effectively?	Can you select & use combinations of timbres to crate effect within a piece of music?